

On a Problem of Steinhaus

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In this talk, inspired by the *17-points Problem* of Steinhaus (Problems 6 and 7 from his famous book *Sto zadań*), we discuss infinite sequences of real numbers in $[0, 1)$. For a function $f : \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$, we say that a sequence X is f -piercing if for every integer $m \geq 1$, the first $f(m)$ elements of X contain at least one element in every interval $\left[\frac{i}{m}, \frac{i+1}{m}\right)$ for every $i = 0, 1, \dots, m-1$. There is a nice construction of an $\left(\frac{m}{\ln 2}\right)$ -piercing sequence due to de Bruijn and Erdős which satisfies even stronger piercing properties. We are able to show that this is best possible, as there are no $(\alpha m + o(m))$ -piercing sequences for $\alpha < \frac{1}{\ln 2}$. Our results allow for some new tight linear bounds for similar concepts defined for finite sequences. Ideas presented during this talk are described in full detail in our arXiv manuscript [1].

References

- [1] M.Anholcer, B.Bosek, J.Grytczuk, G.Gutowski, J.Przybyło, R.Pyzik, M.Zajac, On a Problem of Steinhaus, *arXiv:2111.01887*.